Α	Area of Study: Jn 20-21, Ref. B10/1-22	
В	<ul> <li>Who Was Mary Magdalene?</li> <li>Western Tradition: the penitent sinful woman (Lk 7:36-50), the sister of Martha &amp; Lazarus (Lk 10:38-42, Jn 11), Mary of Bethany</li> <li>Eastern Tradition: three different people</li> <li>She &amp; the other women were witnesses at the empty tomb</li> <li>Both Mary &amp; Mary Magdalene are images of the Church. Mary represents the holiness &amp; purity of the Church; the penitent sinful woman, Mary Magdalene, brings out the weaknesses of the Church. Her journey towards the destination of goodness relies on repentance and the Lord's redemption.</li> <li>"I am black and beautiful": the Church is as holy as she is sinful</li> </ul>	B10/13-14  Jn 20:1, Lk 24:1 B10/15  Sg 1:5 Note A
С	The Contemplative and Hierarchs (or "The Spiritual & Evangelical Schools")  John highlights the difference between the two  Both serves distinct functions within the Church; a balance is necessary	Jn 20:3-8, 21:4- 7 B10/19-20
D	<ul> <li>The Heart of the Christian Faith lies in the truth of Jesus' Resurrection</li> <li>The old self dies with Jesus in Baptism so that we may accept suffering. Life has become a participation in Jesus' journey of death (forbearance, sacrifice &amp; suffering become an offering so that fame &amp; wealth, desires, and pleasure-seeking may "die"). As we die with Jesus, we will rise with Him.</li> <li>If Jesus had not risen, our faith would be false and all preaching is empty.</li> <li>This echoes with the Transfiguration</li> <li>The fulfillment of the day of the Son of Man</li> </ul>	Rm 6:3-14 2Cor 12:10 1Cor 15:14-19 CCC 556 Lk17:24-25 Dan 7:13-14
E	<ul> <li>Is Jesus' Resurrection Credible?</li> <li>The empty tomb cannot be sufficient evidence of Jesus' resurrection, but only a mystery awaiting explanation.</li> <li>Has this been created only to support the belief of resurrection? If so, using women as witnesses would be most unconvincing.</li> <li>Even Jesus' opposition does not deny the fact of the empty tomb.</li> <li>Jesus' resurrection has been affirmed by various traditions. In addition, there are multiple witnesses to Jesus' appearances.</li> <li>Why is it necessary to resurrect Jesus' corpse? This cannot be the resurrection of an ordinary person.</li> </ul>	Mt 28:11 G.O'Collins, Interpreting Jesus, p. 126, B10/15 Mt 28:11 Jn 20:18, 19- 23, 24-29, Jn 21 Lk 24:10, 13-35 G. O'Collvis, p 128, Note B
F	<ul> <li>The Conclusion of the Gospel of John</li> <li>An affirmation of the Church</li> <li>The disciples and Jesus' proclamation begins with fishing (Lk 5:1-11) and ends with fishing</li> <li>Peter's betrayal of the Lord begins with "a heap of ashes" and receives his penance under a similar background</li> <li>"My Lord and my God!" – "Lord" (KYRIOS) Gk = YHWH, "God" = HO THEOS (Gk), only used to describe the Heavenly Father in NT</li> <li>Not Sola Scriptura</li> </ul>	B10/16-18 Jn 20:19-23, 21:15-17 Lk 5:1-11, Jn 21:1-11 B10/20, Jn 18:18, 21:9 CCC 446 M. Cook, Responses to 101 Questions, p 94 Jn 21:25 2Pet 2:15